Title: Clostridium perfringens Type A (alpha) Toxin - Lot ID IRP 560-07
Release Date: 11 Jul 2019 Author: APJMWILSON Document Number: CVB-DAT-0086.02



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

## Clostridium perfringens Type A (alpha) Toxin - Lot ID IRP 560-07

**Veterinary Services** 

Center for Veterinary Biologics

1920 Dayton Avenue PO Box 844 Ames, IA 50010

(515) 337-6100

Document Number: CVB-DAT-0086 Revision: 02

**Previous Number:** BBDAT0106.06

**Author:** APJMWILSON

**Section/Area:** CVB-DAT

Release Date: 11 Jul 2019

**Notes:** Strain or Source: N/A, Fill date: August 27, 2007

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## United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service Center for Veterinary Biologics P. O. Box 844 Ames, IA 50010

1. Reagent Name: Clostridium perfringens Type A (alpha) toxin

2. Strain or Source: Not applicable.

**3. Lot Number:** IRP 560-07

**4. Fill Date:** August 27, 2007

**Expiration Date:** June 30, 2024

**Precautions:** This reagent does not present a hazard to laboratory personnel who work with the toxin provided sound fundamental laboratory techniques are followed.

- **6. Intended Use:** IRP 560-07 serves as the standard toxin when conducting *C. perfringens* Type A (alpha) toxin-neutralization (TN) tests in mice.
- 7. Instructions for Use: IRP 560-07 diluted 1:80 is the standard toxin dilution when conducting a 1.0 antitoxin unit per mL (AU/mL) TN test in mice. The toxin dilution is prepared by adding 1.0 mL of well mixed IRP 560-07 to 9.0 mL of peptone diluent (1.0% peptone, 0.25% sodium chloride, pH 7.2). The toxin is further diluted to 1:80 by adding 2.0 mL of the 1:10 dilution to 14.0 mL of diluent. The  $L_0$  dose is prepared by adding 1.0 mL of standard antitoxin containing 1.0 AU/mL to 0.5 mL of standard toxin diluted 1:80 and adjusting the total volume to 2.5 mL with 1.0 mL of diluent. The  $L_+$  dose is prepared by adding 1.0 mL of standard antitoxin containing 1.0 AU/mL to 0.8 mL of standard toxin diluted 1:80 and adjusting the total volume to 2.5 mL with 0.7 mL of diluent

## 8. Test of Reagent:

Determination of the test dose of toxin – The  $L_o$  dose (largest amount of toxin which, when mixed with 1.0 International unit of antitoxin and injected intravenously into mice, does not cause death within 48 hours) and  $L_+$  dose (smallest amount of toxin which, when mixed with 1.0 International unit of antitoxin and injected intravenously into mice causes death in at least 80% of the mice within 48 hours) were established by injecting 16 to 20 g mice intravenously with 0.5 mL and 0.8 mL volumes of IRP 560-07 diluted in peptone diluent.

Determination of toxin type – Mice were injected intravenously with a mixture of IRP 560-07 plus *C. perfringens* Type A antitoxin and IRP 560-07 plus normal rabbit serum. The mice injected with IRP 560-07 plus *C. perfringens* type A antitoxin all lived while the mice injected with IRP 560-07 plus normal rabbit serum all died.

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Determination of toxin  $LD_{50}$  – Twofold dilutions of IRP 560-07 were prepared in peptone diluent and 0.5 mL volumes of toxin were injected intravenously into 16 to 20 g mice. The mice were observed for 48 hours and deaths recorded. The toxin lethal dose fifty ( $LD_{50}$ ) was calculated by the Reed and Muench method and found to contain 1,700  $LD_{50}/0.50$  mL.

Sterility test – The toxin was tested for sterility and found to be free of viable bacteria and fungi according to the procedures outline in 9 CFR 113.26.

- 9. Container Size, Type, Weight, or Volume. Two-mL glass vials containing 1.3 mL of toxin.
- 10. Storage Conditions: Store at  $-70^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ C.
- **11. CVB Technical Contact:** Bacteriology Section, Center for Veterinary Biologics, (515) 337-6140 or FAX (515) 337-7673.
- **12. Origin and Passage History:** *C. perfringens* type A culture 1PA1491/02, obtained from Schering-Plough Animal Health Corporation on April 18, 2003, was used to produce IRP 560-07. The number of times the culture has been passed is unknown.
- 13. Method of Preparation: Culture 1PA1491/02 was cultivated in a 14-liter New Brunswick fermentor containing media consisting of proteose peptone, yeast extract, trypticase peptone, iron sulfate, L-lysine, and zinc sulfate. Four hundred mL of actively growing culture were aseptically added to the fermentor; the pH adjusted to 7.2 and incubated 4 hours at 35°C. The culture was centrifuged at 10,000 x g for 60 minutes and the supernatant passed through a 0.2-μm Pall Supor® DCF filter. The filtrate was concentrated to one-third its original volume using a Millipore pellicon cassette system containing a high volume ultrafilter. The filtrate was fractionated with 75% ammonium sulfate (w/v) and the precipitate resuspended in deionized water. The ammonium sulfate was washed from the filtrate (toxin) with cold phosphate buffered saline, pH 6.7 using a Millipore pellicon cassette system as previously described. The toxin was passed through a sterile Millipore filtration unit containing a 0.22-μm membrane. Sterile glycerol was added to the toxin at a final concentration of 10% (v/v).
- 14. Other: None.

Reagent orders and feedback should be sent *including phone number* to the following email address: <u>VS.DB.CVB.Reagent.Requests@aphis.usda.gov</u>

Reagent orders forms (APHIS Form 2018) can be found on the CVB website.

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